AC Retreat 2015

PART 1 – Methods: PILOT, GRASP, VNS

PART 2 - Problem:

Balancing Bicycle Sharing Systems Problem



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Meta-heuristic Methods

PILOT (Construction Heuristic)

- ▶ PILOT := Preferred Iterative LOok ahead Technique
- ▶ look ahead to escape the greedy trap

GRASP - Greedy Randomized Adaptive Search Procedure

- multiple iterations of a randomized construction heuristic followed by local search
- VNS Variable Neighborhood Search
 - ▶ shaking neighborhoods for randomization
 - ► neighborhoods for local optimization



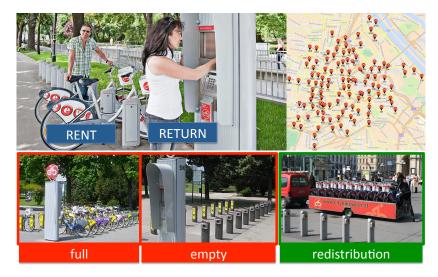
Methods

Problem

Objectives

Model

Public Bicycle Sharing Systems and Issues



we optimize daily relocation tours of vehicles with trailers

Optimization Objectives and Constraints

→ satisfy users (convenience) and operators (efficiency)!







working time loading instructions

Constraints:

- ▶ start and return with empty vehicle
- ▶ do not exceed working time
- ► full vehicle loads



Acili Methods Problem Objectives Model

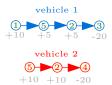
Model/Definitions

- → complete graph: depot, stations as vertices
- → arcs weighted with travel times connect stations/depot
- → stations with capacities, user demands, fill levels
- ightarrow vehicle fleet with capacities and maximal tour durations

Static and Dynamic Variant

- ▶ static variant: we try to reach target fill levels
- dynamic variant: consider user demands (prognosis data)

Solutions: tours and loading instructions



 \rightarrow we solve 2 subproblems: routing and loading algorithms



Thank you for your attention!

Are there any questions?



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Model

Definitions

- complete directed graph $G_0 = (V_0, A_0)$:
 - ▶ $V_0 = V \cup \{0\}$: rental stations V and a depot 0,
 - stations are classified into pickup and delivery stations
 - ▶ A_0 : arcs with fastest connections $t_{u,v}$, between $u,v \in V_0$
- ▶ for each station $v \in V$:
 - $C_v \ge 0$: capacity
 - \triangleright p_v : number of originally available bikes
 - $ightharpoonup q_v$: target number of bikes
 - ► a_v: final number of bikes
- ▶ for each transport vehicle $I \in L = \{1, ..., |L|\}$:
 - ► Z_I: capacity
 - ▶ depot 0: start/end points of /
 - \hat{t}_l : time budget for the tour
- ► Objective Function:

$$\min \quad \underbrace{\tau^{\text{bal}} \sum_{v \in V} |a_v - q_v|}_{\text{disbalance}} \quad + \quad \underbrace{\tau^{\text{load}} \sum_{l \in L} \sum_{i=1}^{\rho_l} |y_l^i|}_{\text{loading operations}} \quad + \quad \underbrace{\tau^{\text{work}} \sum_{l \in L} t_l}_{\text{working time}}$$